

Campus Crime Statistics



JACKSON
Community COLLEGE

jcc

serious possibilities

COLLEGE OBJECTIVES

Jackson Community College (JCC) serves as an educational and cultural center and provides an environment conducive to the pursuit of quality education. The College is dedicated to meeting these challenges and modifies programs and services in response to the changing needs of the community. The College shares many of the community's interests and concerns, including crime and safety. JCC has not experienced any significant amount of crime; however, we are prepared should such situations arise.

Although responsibility for investigation and prevention of crime in our community remains within the jurisdiction of the local police, the College employs staff to help prevent crime and assist in incidents on our campuses. In the JCC campus community each student and employee has an important role in the safety and security of campus. Everyone should take an active role in preventing and reporting incidents that jeopardize safety on and around campus.

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act requires that colleges provide students and employees with an overview of the College's security resources, policies and procedures along with campus crime statistics. The crime statistics included in this report are gathered from a variety of sources including local law enforcement agencies and campus security.

COLLEGE FACILITIES

Jackson Community College has three sites and two flight centers. The Jackson campus sits on 500 acres of scenic land six miles south of Jackson. Centers are located in Hillsdale County (Hillsdale), and Lenawee County (Adrian). JCC has one residence hall on the Jackson campus (Campus View) that opened Fall 2007. Students, employees and visitors have access to most areas on the campuses during normal college hours. Labs, shops, and computer areas are locked when an instructor or attendant is not present. Buildings are locked when not in use.

A restricted key assignment system is also in place. All College buildings are alarmed and centrally monitored. Building, grounds, and parking lots are lighted. Trees and shrubs on the developed portion of campuses are maintained so as to not cause a security problem.

CAMPUS SAFETY & SECURITY - 796.8620

The responsibilities of Campus Safety and Security personnel include campus security, parking services, traffic control and serving as the college's liaison to local law enforcement personnel. Parking lots and academic buildings are regularly patrolled. Campus Security will provide after-hour admittance to academic and administrative buildings for persons with authorization to enter. Escorts to and from buildings or vehicles are available upon request.

SECURITY INTERN PROGRAM - 796.8683

The program was established in 2004 to provide improved security on campus while providing work experience for JCC criminal justice students. Security interns must be currently enrolled at JCC as criminal justice students and are required to complete CRJ 108 – Fieldwork and CRJ 109 – Advanced Security Training. Students interested in employment as a security intern should contact the Safety and Security Office or Human Resources.

MAIN CAMPUS EMERGENCY PHONES

On the Jackson campus “blue light” phones are available to contact campus security. These telephones ring directly to security personnel. In addition to providing voice contact, these devices pinpoint the location of the call.

REPORTING CRIMES AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

If you are a victim of a crime or a witness to one, or if you need to report a fire, medical, or other emergency on or off campus in the Jackson, Hillsdale or Lenawee areas, DIAL 911. From main campus phones dial (9)-911.

In a non-emergency situation, you should report suspicious people or activities, traffic accidents, or potential violation of law to the police agency serving the location where the activity occurs:

| Location | Authority | Contact |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Jackson Campus | JCC Safety and Security Main Campus Operator Jackson County Sheriff | 517.796.8620 “O” from campus phones 517.788.4200 |
| LeTarte Center Hillsdale | Center Director Hillsdale County Sheriff | 517.437.3343 517.437.7317 |
| JCC Flight Center Jackson | Center Director Jackson County Sheriff | 517.787.7012 517.788.4200 |
| JCC Flight Center Adrian | Center Coordinator Lenawee County Sheriff | 517.263.1351 517.263.0524 |
| JCC @ LISD TECH | Assistant Dean Adrian City Police | 517.265.5515 517.265.7151 |

CRIME PREVENTION

Your efforts will greatly add to or detract from our efforts to keep criminal activity at the lowest possible level around campus. To that end, some Dos and Don'ts are listed below, which we hope you will read and follow:

DO:

- Report all crimes and/or suspicious activities to the police and JCC Safety and Security Department.
- Be aware of your surroundings.
- When walking after dark, try to walk with a group or in pairs.
- Walk assertively and confidently.
- Protect your personal property just as you would money.
- Lock your vehicle and your apartment.
- Mark your property such as tape recorders, calculators, radios, etc., with some form of identification (such as your Michigan operator's license number).
- Call us when you would like a personal escort.

DON'T:

- Leave books, jewelry, purses, wallets, backpacks or other valuables unattended.
- Leave personal property unattended.
- Leave purses in desks or file cabinets unattended unless the cabinet or desk is locked.
- Leave valuables on a chair behind you while at a study carrel.

COORDINATION WITH OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

Jackson Community College maintains a cooperative relationship with other local, county, and state police agencies. This cooperation includes investigations, special events coordination and training opportunities.

FIRE AND MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

If you need to report a fire, medical, or other emergency, on or off campus the Jackson, Hillsdale or Lenawee areas, DIAL 911. From main campus phones dial (9)-911. In case of fire, all college buildings have fire alarm systems and accessible fire extinguishers. When a fire alarm sounds all students and staff are to vacate the building immediately and not return until authorized to do so. For medical emergencies, local hospitals and clinics provide professional help to the College community, guests and visitors.

THE LAW AND COLLEGE POLICIES

To provide for the safety of members of the College community and the protection of College property, Jackson Community College has set minimum standards of conduct. Detailed information may be found in the Student Rights & Responsibilities handbook, and other College publications. These College standards of conduct do not replace, or relieve persons from complying with, the requirement of civil or criminal laws. Unlawful behavior may result in criminal prosecution as well as College disciplinary action.

USE OF ALCOHOL AND ILLEGAL DRUGS

Unauthorized possession or use of alcoholic beverages on the College campus or at a College-sponsored event and use, possession, or distribution of narcotics or other illegal drugs is strictly prohibited. Violation of these regulations could lead to removal from College property, suspension, or dismissal from the College, and/or legal prosecution.

An Employee Assistance Program (EAP) that includes substance abuse assistance and education program is available for employees through the Human Resources Department. Assistance for students including identification of treatment programs and resources is available in Student Services (Walker Hall, Room 100).

SEX OFFENSES

Sexual harassment or sex offenses of any type will not be tolerated on campus. Offenders will be subject to College disciplinary action and/or criminal prosecution. All sex offenses should be reported to the College's Legal Affairs department at 517.796.8462. That office will notify, as appropriate, the Safety and Security office for the purpose of recording the offense.

In accordance with the Clery Act and the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, a listing of sex offenders in Jackson, Hillsdale and/or Lenawee counties can be obtained by accessing the website

at www.mipsor.state.mi.us or by contacting the County Sheriff's Department.

RESIDENCE HALL SECURITY

Campus View apartments are locked by midnight Sunday through Thursday and by 1 a.m. on Friday and Saturday. Residents entering after closing hours must show a valid ID card. Guests that do not live in Campus View must show a picture ID and must be accompanied by a resident.

HEALTH RISKS AND MEDICAL CONSEQUENCES OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

For the user, abuse of alcohol and illegal drugs presents significant health risks and medical consequences:

- Addiction to alcohol or other drugs is a progressive disease, which if untreated, is fatal.
- Alcohol abuse can result in liver damage and disease, gastrointestinal problems, and brain damage.
- Abuse of alcohol and marijuana during puberty can cause imbalance of sex hormones resulting in reduced muscle mass and shrinkage of testicles in males, and menstrual difficulties and infertility in females.

Users of other types of drugs face these serious problems:

- Marijuana is extremely psychologically addicting, and causes two problems of significance to academic performance – short-term memory problems and a motivational syndrome (laziness/lethargy).
- Long-term use of stimulants (uppers, including speed, crack, methamphetamine, crystal, etc) may cause permanent damage to the brain, heart, lungs, and other organs.
- The use of cocaine and amphetamines can result in heart attacks, people who lack an enzyme called pseudochoolinesterase in their bodies can die from a single minute dose of cocaine.
- Inhalants (poppers, rush, laughing gas, sniffing of glue or paint thinner, etc.) may cause mental confusion, mood swings, delusions, or hallucinations.
- The use of hallucinogens, especially PCP (angel dust), can result in an irreversible drug-induced psychotic state and/or delusions of omnipotence, which can trigger life-threatening behavior.
- Depressants (downers, ludes, reds, 714s, barbs) greatly increase the risk of accidents and automobile crashes because they affect vision, judgment, coordination, and other physical skills.
- Intravenous drug users (users of heroin and other opiates) risk infection with Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) from sharing needles.

Of course, there are psychological and social consequences of drug abuse as well, including loss of intimacy, friends, job, and marriage; creation of a dysfunctional family system; and heightened feelings of depression, anxiety, low self-esteem, guilt, and loneliness.

FEDERAL AND STATE PENALTIES FOR DRUG SALE AND POSSESSION

The federal government decides if and how a drug should be controlled. Psychoactive (mind-altering) chemicals are categorized according to Schedule I to V. This schedule designates if the drug can be prescribed by a physician and under what conditions. Factors considered in this categorization include a drug's known and potential medical value, its potential for physical or psychologic

dependence, and risk, if any, to public health. Penalties for the illegal sale or distribution of a drug are established using the designation of Schedule I to V.

Schedule I drugs have a high potential for abuse with no medical uses. Production of these drugs is controlled. Examples include GHB (gamma-hydroxybutyrate), heroin, methaqualone, all hallucinogens (except phencyclidine [PCP]), marijuana, and hashish. Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), depending on its form, can also be a Schedule II drug.

Schedule II drugs have high potential for abuse, but have some medical uses. Production of these drugs is controlled. Examples include opium, morphine, codeine, other narcotics, barbiturates, cocaine, amphetamines, and phencyclidine (PCP). Federal and State of Michigan penalties for selling Schedule I and II drugs vary with the quantity of the drug. Additionally, if death, rape, or serious injury is associated with the sale and/or if it is a second offense, penalties are more severe. When establishing penalties for sale, marijuana and hashish are separated from this designation according to the schedule. The penalties for sale of marijuana and hashish, however, are similar to those set for Schedule I and II drugs.

The federal penalty for first offense sale of small amounts of Schedule I and II drugs is imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not more than 40 years; if death or serious injury results, the penalty changes to imprisonment for not less than 20 years or more than life, a fine of not more than \$2 million for an individual, or both. Federal penalties on first offense for individuals who illegally manufacture, deliver, or knowingly possess GHB (gamma-hydroxybutyrate) include imprisonment for up to 20 years. If death or serious bodily injury results from the usage of GHB, penalties include imprisonment for no less than 20 years, and no greater than life, including additional fines of up to \$1,000,000 for an individual.

The State of Michigan's penalty for "unlawful manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver" less than 50 grams of a Schedule I or II controlled substance or narcotic drug is a felony which results in imprisonment for up to 20 years, and/or a fine of up to \$25,000. The penalty for possession of less than 25 grams of a Schedule I or II controlled substance or a narcotic drug is imprisonment for up to four years, a fine of up to \$25,000, or both. Both are felonies. Use of a Schedule I or II controlled substance or narcotic drug is a misdemeanor that has a penalty of imprisonment for up to one year, a fine of up to \$2,000, or both. Michigan law provides for up to 7 years imprisonment and/or a \$10,000 fine for individuals who manufacture, deliver, intent to deliver, or knowingly possess GHB.

The manufacture, distribution, or possession with intent to distribute or dispense up to 45 kilograms of marijuana or between 20-200 marijuana plants is punishable by up to seven years imprisonment, a fine of up to \$500,000 for an individual, or both. In Michigan, the "unlawful manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver" of less than 5 kilograms of marijuana or a mixture containing marijuana, or fewer than 20 marijuana plants, is a felony, punishable by imprisonment for up to four years, a fine of up to \$20,000, or both. Possession of marijuana is a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for up to one year, a fine of not more than \$2,000, or both. Use of marijuana is also a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, a fine of up to \$100, or both.

Schedule III, IV, and V drugs include those most citizens would categorize as “prescription drugs”. Schedule III drugs have some potential for abuse, but less than those on Schedules I and II. The potential for abuse of Schedule IV drugs is less than those on Schedule III, and the potential for abuse of those on Schedule V is less than those on Schedule IV. All Schedule III to V drugs have medical uses and their production is not controlled. Examples of these drugs include some narcotics, chloral hydrate (IV), barbiturates (III & IV), benzodiazepines (IV), glutethimide (III), other depressants (III & IV), amphetamines (III), and other stimulants (III & IV).

The federal penalty for first offense sale of a Schedule III drug is imprisonment for not more than five years, a fine of not more than \$250,000 for an individual, or both. The federal penalty for first offense sale of Schedule IV drugs is imprisonment for not more than three years, a fine of not more than \$250,000 for an individual, or both. The federal penalty for first offense sale of Schedule V drugs is imprisonment for not more than one year, a fine of not more than \$100,000 for an individual, or both.

Sale of some Schedule III drugs is a felony in Michigan with a penalty of imprisonment for up to seven years, a fine up to \$10,000, or both. In Michigan, the sale of Schedule IV drugs is a felony with a penalty of imprisonment for up to four years, a fine up to \$2,000, or both. Sale of Schedule V drugs in Michigan is also a felony and has a penalty of imprisonment for up to two years, a fine of up to \$2,000, or both.

PENALTIES FOR ALCOHOL RELATED OFFENSES

| VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF POSSIBLE PENALTIES |
|--|--|--|
| OUIL (drunk driving) | A licensed person under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or both, driving in public place. | First offense: Misdemeanor, not more than 93 days in jail and/or fine of \$100-\$500, community service not more than 360 hours. As part of sentence, court shall order suspension of operators license for period of six months. Vehicle forfeiture or immobilization may also be required. |
| 0.08 Percent | Person driving in public areas with blood alcohol level containing 0.08 grams or more per 100 ml of blood, per 210 liters of breath or per 67 ml of urine. | Same as OUIL |
| Permitting person under the influence to drive | Allowing intoxicated person to drive in area open to the public. | Misdemeanor: not more than 93 days in jail, or fine not less than \$100 or more than \$500, or both; vehicle can be impounded. |

| VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF POSSIBLE PENALTIES |
|--|---|--|
| Minor possessing or transporting in motor vehicle | Person under 21 years may not possess or transport alcohol in a vehicle | Misdemeanor: not more than 90 days in jail, fine of not more than \$100, and may be ordered to perform community service and undergo substance abuse screening and assessment at own expense; vehicle can be impounded. License sanctions may also be imposed. |
| Impaired driving | A person driving in area open to public while impaired from alcohol, drugs, or both. | First Offense: One or more of following: community service for not more than 360 hours; imprisonment for not more than 93 days; fine of not more than \$300; may be required to forfeit or immobilize vehicle. |
| Purchase/ possession/ consumption by minor | Person under 21 years of age may not purchase, possess, or consume alcohol. | Misdemeanor: first arrest - fine of not more than \$100, or court ordered diversion; second arrest - not more than \$200, and/ or up to 30 days imprisonment if in violation of probation due to preceding violation or for failure to follow court orders regarding preceding violation; third or subsequent violation - fine of not more than \$500, and/ or up to 60 days imprisonment if in violation of probation due to preceding violation or for failure to follow court orders regarding preceding violation. May be ordered to participate in substance abuse prevention or substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services. May be ordered to perform community service and undergo substance abuse screening and assessment at own expense. Licensing sanctions may also be imposed. |
| Consumption on public highway/ open alcohol in vehicle | No alcoholic beverage can be consumed on public highways; no alcohol item can be open, uncapped, or seal broken in passenger area of vehicle. | Misdemeanor: not more than 90 days in jail, a fine of not more than \$100, or both. May be ordered to perform community service and undergo substance abuse screening and assessment at own expense. Licensing sanctions may also be imposed. |

| VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF VIOLATION | SUMMARY OF POSSIBLE PENALTIES |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Disorderly person intoxicated | Intoxicated in public place and (1) danger to self or others, (2) causing disturbance. | Misdemeanor: not more than 90 days in jail, a fine of not more than \$500, or both. |
| Minor consuming alcohol while driving | Person under 21 years who is driving cannot have any bodily alcohol content, which means an alcohol content of more than 0.02 grams but less than 0.08 grams per 100 ml of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67 ml of urine. Requires screening and assessment to determine if there is benefit from alcohol education program. | Four point misdemeanor. Refusal to take breathalyzer test is a two point civil infraction. Driver's license reinstatement fee \$125, may be ordered to pay costs. Minors with no prior alcohol convictions 30-90 days license suspension and one or both of the following: not more than 45 days community service and/or up to \$250 fine. |
| JCC Policy | Use/possession of alcohol prohibited except as allowed by state law and/or College policy. | Students -- disciplinary action up to and including expulsion Employees -- disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. |

| Liquor, Drug, Weapons, Law Arrests | Total on Campus (includes CRF) | | | Campus Residential Facilities (CRF)* | | | Non-Campus Building or Property | | | Public Property | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|
| | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 |
| Substance abuse violations | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor law violations | 9 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illegal weapons possessions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Student Disciplinary Referrals Liquor, Drug, Weapons, Law Violations | Total on Campus (includes CRF) | | | Campus Residential Facilities (CRF)* | | | Non-Campus Building or Property | | | Public Property | | |
| | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 | '08 | '07 | '06 |
| Substance abuse violations | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor law violations | 15 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illegal weapons possessions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*Criminal offenses that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, disability or ethnicity and can be classed as Hate Crimes as prescribed by the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28 U.S.C. 537).

**Campus Residential Facilities (CRF) did not exist at JCC before 2007.

***Arson was not reported on Campus Crime and Security Survey due to it not being investigated by police - per Campus Crime and Security Survey Policy

Important Phone Numbers

Jackson Community College

517.787.0800

ON-CAMPUS EXTENSIONS:

| | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Campus Security Emergency | 0 |
| College Switchboard | 0 |
| Campus Safety/Security (Daytime) | 8683 |
| Campus Security Office | 8620 |
| Student Services | 8405 or 8402 |

VEHICLE ASSISTANCE (BATTERY JUMP):

| | |
|-----------------------------|------|
| Safety & Security Office | 8681 |
| No answer, call Switchboard | 0 |

VEHICLE ASSISTANCE (UNLOCK):

| | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Phelps Towing (Fee) | 517.764.1921 |
|---------------------|--------------|

JACKSON CAMPUS SECURITY (EVENINGS & WEEKENDS):

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Guard Station | 517.796.8620 |
|---------------|--------------|

EXTENSION CENTERS:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Hillsdale LeTarte Center | 517.437.3343 |
| JCC Flight Center - Jackson | 517.787.7012 |
| JCC @ LISD TECH (Lenawee) | 517.265.5515 |

EMERGENCY (FROM JACKSON CAMPUS):

| | |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Jackson County Sheriff Emergency | (9) 911 |
| Summit Fire Department Emergency | (9) 911 |

LAW ENFORCEMENT:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Jackson County Sheriff Department | 517.788.4200 |
| Lenawee County Sheriff | 517.263.0524 |
| Adrian City Police Department | 517.265.7151 |
| Hillsdale County Sheriff | 517.437.7317 |
| Hillsdale City Police (Dispatch) | 517.437.7317 |
| Hillsdale City Police (Emergency) | 517.437.7317 |

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View crime statistics at <http://ope.ed.gov/security>

*This brochure is provided in compliance with the Crime
Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990.*