

Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Annual Financial Report



## **Table of Contents**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Audited Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024	
Statements of Net Position	16
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	17
Statements of Cash Flows	18
Notes to Financial Statements	20
Required Supplementary Information	51
MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plans	
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	52
Schedule of College Pension Contributions	52
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (Asset) Liability	53
Schedule of College Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions	53
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	54
Other Information for the Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024	56
Combining Statements of Net Position (Unaudited)	57
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers and Changes in Net Position (Unaudited)	59



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 18, 2025

Board of Trustees Jackson College Jackson, Michigan

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of *Jackson College* (the "College"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College, as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

 Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the combining statements of net position and the combining statements of revenues, expenses, transfers, and changes in net position but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audits of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated November 18, 2025, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

Management's discussion and analysis of *Jackson College's* (the "College") financial statements provides an overview of the College's financial position as of June 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023 and its activities for the years then ended. The College's management has prepared and is responsible for the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures, along with the discussion and analysis.

#### **Using the Annual Financial Report**

This annual financial report includes this management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, the report of independent auditors, the basic financial statements in the above referred format, and notes to financial statements. Following the basic financial statements and notes are supplementary schedules, consisting of the Combining Statements of Net Position and Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers and Changes in Net Position. These supplementary schedules are required by the State of Michigan. Though Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") does not require this information for a fair and complete presentation, supplemental schedules do provide additional information regarding the various funds and activities of the College that is not presented in the basic, entity-wide statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The audited financial statements for Jackson College include the complete presentation of net position and changes therein. However, the traditional emphasis has been on the General Fund, or the portion of the institution primarily concerned with instruction and its support. It is this fund that the State of Michigan uses in its appropriation allocation each year. The following revenues and expenses sections of this analysis detail this portion of our operations, considering its importance to the overall health of the College.

#### The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about the College's finances is, "Is Jackson College as a whole better or worse off from a financial standpoint as a result of the year's activities?" The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information on the College as a whole and on its activities in a way that attempts to answer this question. When revenues and other support exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in net position. These two statements report the College's net position and changes in them during each fiscal year presented.

The College's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is a way to measure the College's health, or financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Many other non-financial factors, such as the trend in College applicants, student retention, condition of the buildings, and strength of the faculty and academic programming need to be considered to assess the overall health of the College.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited**

These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector institutions.

	Condensed Statements of Net Position			
		June 30,		
	2025	2024	2023	
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 38,436,629	\$ 29,925,155	\$ 30,333,907	
Capital assets, net	84,046,932	83,036,358	81,045,439	
Total assets	122,483,561	112,961,513	111,379,346	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	165,922	198,484	231,044	
Deferred pension amounts	3,740,270	5,512,587	7,078,703	
Deferred OPEB amounts	603,567	1,212,656	1,792,022	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,509,759	6,923,727	9,101,769	
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	7,038,353	7,377,137	8,265,281	
Long term liabilities	42,507,935	45,063,320	53,371,181	
Total liabilities	49,546,288	52,440,457	61,636,462	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension amounts	6,919,970	5,942,664	5,705,574	
Deferred OPEB amounts	3,793,954	3,659,378	3,988,113	
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,713,924	9,602,042	9,693,687	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	56,320,312	58,301,435	53,185,009	
Restricted				
Nonexpendable	34,939	34,667	34,447	
Expendable	1,785,064	1,356,494	500,763	
Capital projects	1,555,700	1,555,700	-	
Net other postemployment benefits asset	2,452,844	357,888	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,584,249	(3,763,443)	(4,569,253)	
Total net position	\$ 66,733,108	\$ 57,842,741	\$ 49,150,966	

The College's net position increased \$8,890,367 for the June 30, 2025 fiscal year. Excluding the impacts of GASB 75 and GASB 68 contained in the pension and OPEB liability fund, the College's net position increased by \$4,291,956. The increase was primarily due to increased state grants and contracts, pell grants and state appropriations. The College's net position increased \$8,691,775 for the June 30, 2024 fiscal year. Excluding the impacts of GASB 75 and GASB 68 contained in the pension and OPEB liability fund, the College's net position increased by \$4,969,107. The increase was due to the plant receiving \$1,555,700 of state capital appropriations in ITEMS funding; the auxiliary fund having increased revenue which covers the previous year's negative net position in that fund; and the designated fund's net position growing from increased investment income.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

	Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
	Ye	ear Ended June 3	0,	
	2025	2024	2023	
Operating revenues				
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 9,627,462	\$ 10,440,453	\$ 9,520,882	
Grants and contracts	9,863,525	6,975,926	4,667,102	
Potter Center activities	486,591	518,620	498,968	
Other operating revenues	4,811,585	5,365,711	4,465,194	
Total operating revenues	24,789,163	23,300,710	19,152,146	
Operating expenses				
Instruction	16,104,417	14,021,724	14,081,187	
Information technology	4,871,308	5,040,937	4,597,232	
Public service	192,103	173,031	258,070	
Academic support	2,976,262	2,876,531	2,667,887	
Student services	8,807,383	7,749,475	6,037,679	
Administration	10,639,581	10,044,106	9,053,007	
Operation and maintenance of plant	6,480,611	6,265,193	5,276,220	
Depreciation and amortization	4,170,351	4,530,928	4,145,221	
Total operating expenses	54,242,016	50,701,925	46,116,503	
Total operating expenses Operating loss	54,242,016 (29,452,853)	50,701,925	46,116,503	
Operating loss				
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses),				
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item	(29,452,853)	(27,401,215)	(26,964,357)	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184	(27,401,215) 14,503,759	(26,964,357) 13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526	(26,964,357) 13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533	(26,964,357) 13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594	(26,964,357) 13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item State capital appropriation	(29,452,853)  15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726 - 937,729	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594 1,555,700	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927 - 138,640	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item	(29,452,853) 15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item State capital appropriation	(29,452,853)  15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726 - 937,729	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594 1,555,700	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927 - 138,640	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item State capital appropriation Other	(29,452,853)  15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726 - 937,729	(27,401,215) 14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594 1,555,700	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927 - 138,640	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item State capital appropriation Other  Net nonoperating revenues (expenses),	(29,452,853)  15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726 - 937,729 - 36,390	14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594 1,555,700 1,000,681	(26,964,357)  13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927 - 138,640 - (468,308)	
Operating loss  Nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item State appropriations Local property taxes Federal Pell grant revenue Private gifts and grants Federal HEERF grant revenue Capital gifts and grants Extraordinary item State capital appropriation Other  Net nonoperating revenues (expenses), capital grants and extraordinary item	(29,452,853)  15,363,475 6,715,716 15,190,184 99,726 - 937,729 - 36,390  38,343,220	14,503,759 6,312,526 12,166,856 93,533 - 250,341 209,594 1,555,700 1,000,681 36,092,990	13,801,345 5,901,192 9,040,901 123,425 3,927 - 138,640 - (468,308)	

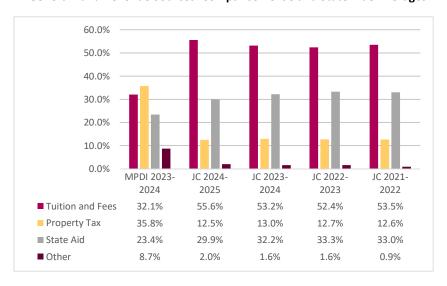
#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### Revenues

GASB guidelines require State appropriations, property tax revenues and Federal Pell grant revenue to be reported as nonoperating revenues. Management views, and has always viewed, major revenues to the College such as State appropriations, local property taxes and Pell grants as operating revenues. These dollars would not be received by the College to fund operating expenses if educational classes were not offered. Therefore, management believes these revenues should be applied directly to the operating costs that are associated with them for internal analysis purposes.

Each year the 28 Michigan public community colleges are required to submit data that is the basis of the Michigan Postsecondary Data Inventory (MPDI) Data Book. The Community College Appropriations Act assigns primary responsibility for data collection to the Center for Educational Performance and Information. In addition to appropriations, the data in the MPDI Data Book is used to derive comparisons among community colleges on a number of significant issues that relate to institutional concerns. The 2023-24 MPDI Data Book reveals the following state averages for the year. Four years of Jackson College information is included for comparison. These are comparisons of general fund revenues, as these are the numbers used in the State reports. Capital Outlay is not included in the State MPDI reports as these are recorded in Plant Funds and these operational reports only include the General and Designated Funds. The College generated General Fund revenues of \$53,564,843, \$48,738,353, and \$46,597,203 in 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### General Fund Revenue Sources: Comparison of JC and Statewide Averages

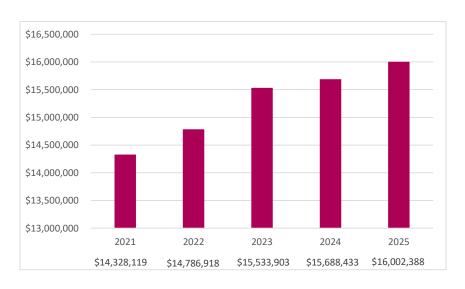


#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### **State Appropriations**

Accounting guidelines issued by the GASB obligate the College to report State appropriations source as nonoperating income. Generally, the State of Michigan includes the Appropriation to Community Colleges Act in its annual budget, which is approved just prior to the beginning of the State's fiscal year, October 1. The College received \$16,002,388 in fiscal year 2025, of this total, \$638,913 was received and paid to the State of Michigan towards the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System and \$281,893 was received from the State of Michigan as a Personal Property Tax Reimbursement. The graph below reflects the amount of State appropriations received by the College that were reported as revenue in the general fund. The College received \$15,688,433 in fiscal year 2024, of this total, \$1,184,674 was received and paid to the State of Michigan towards the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System and \$207,594 was received from the State of Michigan as a Personal Property Tax Reimbursement. The graph below reflects the amount of State appropriations received by the College that were reported as revenue in the general fund.

#### **State Appropriations to Jackson College**



### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### **Property Taxes**

Only 12.7% of MPDI revenues come from property taxes from Jackson County. The other community colleges like JC that depend heavily on State appropriations also have in common a low percentage of their General Fund revenue being derived from property taxes. The State average is 35.8%. An attempt to adjust the voted millage rate was made during the current fiscal year. No millage increase has been approved by the voters of Jackson County since the charter millage of 1.33 in 1964. The current millage rate as adjusted by the Headlee override to 1.1327 is the lowest in the State. Property tax revenues related to real estate have showed an increase as property values begin to slowly increase and past due tax bills get paid. In both 2025 and 2024, the overall property tax revenue increased slightly as property values increased.

#### **Property Tax Revenues to Jackson College**

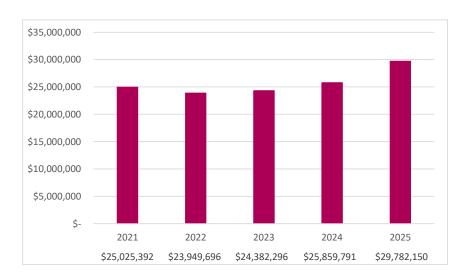


#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### **Tuition and Fees**

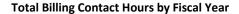
\$20,154,688, \$15,419,338, and \$14,861,414 of scholarship allowances against tuition and fees represent amounts paid by grants, resulting in a "discount rate" of 68.9%, 59.6%, and 61.0% for fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The bulk of the scholarship allowance is Federal Pell awards which were \$15,190,184, \$12,166,856, and \$9,040,901 for fiscal 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For purposes of this analysis, to show trends over time, the following chart presents gross tuition and fees. The College experienced an increase of 13.14% from tuition and fee revenue in the current year as compared to fiscal year 2024. The scholarship allowances increased by \$4,735,350 or 30.71%. This increase is due to increased Federal Pell, Michigan Tuition Incentive Program, Michigan Reconnect, and Michigan Community College Guarantee program awards as compared to the previous year. The College experienced an increase of 6.06% from tuition and fee revenue in 2024 as compared to fiscal year 2023. The scholarship allowances increased by \$557,924 or 3.75%. This increase is due to increased Federal Pell awards as compared to the previous year.

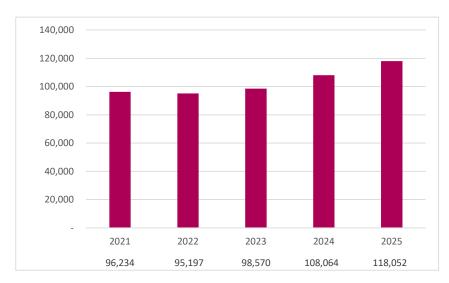
#### **Gross Tuition and Fees Revenues**



### **Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited**

There was a 9.24% increase in the amount of billing contact hours generated in 2025. This increase is 10.8% above the originally budgeted BCH for fiscal 2025. There was a 9.63% increase in the amount of billing contact hours generated in 2024. This increase is 3.9% above the originally budgeted BCH for fiscal 2024. Changes in state and federal aid continue to make enrollment projections challenging, but the College remains focused on our efforts in total commitment to student success. The College began to implement a comprehensive enrollment management plan that focuses on recruitment and retention. The College continues to focus on recruiting, retaining, and accommodating a diverse student population.





	Jackson College Enrollment by Semester and Fiscal Year			
		Billing	Hours	
	Fall	Spring	Summer	Total
Fiscal Year				
2025	47,691	48,259	22,102	118,052
2024	44,242	43,645	20,177	108,064
2023	42,318	38,983	17,269	98,570
2022	40,474	37,830	16,893	95,197
2021	41,477	37,384	17,373	96,234

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited**

Tuition rates continued to rise, offsetting the small millage rate the local tax payers pay. Increases are detailed below. The rates for Out of State was determined to be hindering students to come to Jackson College and was reduced after these findings from an institutional review.

		Jackson College Hourly Tuition Rates				
	In	District	Out	of District	Ou	t of State
Fiscal Year						
2025	\$	193.00	\$	225.00	\$	288.00
2024	\$	185.00	\$	209.00	\$	277.00
2023	\$	176.00	\$	199.00	\$	264.00
2022	\$	168.00	\$	190.00	\$	327.00
2021	\$	163.46	\$	245.19	\$	326.91

#### **Other Operating Revenues**

Potter Center activities experienced a 6.2% decline in revenue, while expenses rose by 2.2%. Housing revenue decreased 13.0% in fiscal year 2025 due to student attrition from the fall to spring semester. Contract training revenue increased in fiscal year 2025 as the College was able to offer more trainings. In fiscal year 2022, the College transitioned bookstore operations in-house, discontinuing its contract with an external vendor. As a result, related revenues are now reflected under the Auxiliary Tuition and Bookstore Revenue categories.

#### **Expenses**

Compared to statewide averages, the College is relatively close to its peers. Please note that the State of Michigan does not include depreciation as an "operating cost". The College continues to increase its attention to the instructional efforts and Student Services as that is the large part of our total commitment to student success.

	Jackson College Expenses Compared to State-Wide MPDI Averages				
	MPDI	MPDI Jackson College			
	2023-2024	2024-2025	2023-2024	2022-2023	
Instructional	39.3%	34.4%	34.9%	37.4%	
Information Technology	7.2%	10.8%	11.9%	11.5%	
Public Service	1.5%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%	
Academic Support	11.2%	5.2%	5.4%	5.9%	
Student Services	13.9%	15.7%	15.3%	14.9%	
Administration	14.6%	17.8%	17.3%	15.9%	
Plant	12.3%	15.2%	14.4%	13.5%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### **Statements of Cash Flows**

Another way to assess the financial health of the College is to look at the Statement of Cash Flows. Its primary purpose is to provide information about the College's cash receipts and cash payments during a fiscal year.

Major sources of cash were tuition and fees (\$9,830,634 in 2025 and \$10,211,889 in 2024), grants and contracts (\$9,124,328 in 2025 and \$4,857,218 in 2024), State appropriations (\$15,463,253 in 2025 and \$14,288,226 in 2024), local property taxes (\$6,715,716 in 2025 and \$6,312,526 in 2024), and Pell grant receipts (\$15,190,184 in 2025 and \$12,166,856 in 2024). The single, largest type of disbursement was compensation payments to or on behalf of the College's employees (\$38,863,340 in 2025 and \$36,194,032 in 2024).

#### **Capital Assets**

The components of the College's capital assets are as follows as of June 30:

	2025	2024	2023
Land Infrastructure and land	\$ 764,912	\$ 764,912	\$ 1,228,765
improvements	15,186,004	14,206,256	13,914,680
Buildings and improvements	126,216,112	118,356,277	120,527,089
Leasehold improvements	2,247,106	2,247,106	2,247,106
Artwork	6,366,227	6,366,227	6,366,227
Equipment	19,313,281	18,845,204	18,717,765
Construction in progress	3,903,055	8,029,790	1,861,545
Total capital assets	173,996,697	168,815,772	164,863,177
Less accumulated depreciation	89,949,765	85,779,414	83,817,738
Capital assets, net	\$ 84,046,932	\$ 83,036,358	\$ 81,045,439

During fiscal 2025 and 2024, the College made significant improvements to the Space Observatory, Steam Factory, Instrumental Music Studio, Jets Air Station, Baughman Theatre, Ruth Day Theatre, Health Simulation Center, Applied Technology Center, Fitness Court, student housing, emergency power infrastructure, roof restorations, and Potter Center office renovations. Additional information regarding the College's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

Information on the College's long-term debt can also be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

#### **Factors That Will Affect our Future**

Jackson College experienced growth in enrollment for the 2024-2025 fiscal year. This can be attributed to the concentrated efforts to recruit and retain our students. The 2025–2026 budget was developed based on projected enrollment of 114,500 billing contact hours, representing a 7.5% increase compared to the 2024–2025 budget. The Board of Trustees approved to increase tuition rates for in-district, out-of-district, and out-of-state for the 2025-2026 year. The Board has the authority to increase tuition rates to offset rising costs but are also mindful of the impact that tuition increases have on students.

State Appropriations received by Jackson College help offset the financial burden of tuition on our students. The College is responsible for controlling tuition rate increases in accordance with state regulations to continue to receive this funding. Jackson College continues its mantra of Total Commitment to Student Success by remaining committed to providing excellent, affordable education for our students.

Taxable values for property in Jackson County have increased in the last few years. It is anticipated that taxable values will increase slightly next fiscal year as well. While this revenue increase has helped offset some cost to Jackson College, the current millage rate as adjusted by the Headlee override is 1.1327, which is the lowest in the State.

The College continues to make investments in needed infrastructure and housing opportunities for families in our local community. The investments made in the Steam Factory, Instrumental Music Studio, Jets Air Station, Baughman Theatre, student housing, roof restorations, and Potter Center office renovations, were completed in fiscal year 2025. Improvements to the Ruth Day Theatre, Health Simulation Center, Applied Technology Center, and emergency power infrastructure are expected to be completed in fiscal 2026.

College management continues to watch enrollment trends, local economies, employer needs and will react to changing financial conditions with revenue enhancements and/or expense reductions as necessary to ensure financial stability of the College.

In an effort to meet local employer needs and demanding career fields, the College will continue to review academic programs to address those needs.

#### **Statements of Net Position**

	June 3	June 30, 2025		0, 2024
	Primary Government	Component Unit	Primary Government	Component Unit
ssets				
Current assets	ć 10.310.F04	¢ 2.040.600	Ć 5.020.444	ć 1002.0C7
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments	\$ 10,310,584	\$ 2,940,600	\$ 5,020,441	\$ 1,902,067 377,314
Tuition and other receivables, net	3,328,743	1,270	2,404,128	642
State appropriations receivable	3,261,399	-,	3,361,177	-
Federal and state grants receivable	6,979,160	-	6,197,626	-
Inventories	177,601	-	300,930	-
Prepaid and other assets	199,740	76,000	188,054	82,000
Total current assets	24,257,227	3,017,870	17,472,356	2,362,023
Noncurrent assets				
Long-term investments	11,726,558	23,571,980	12,094,911	20,734,103
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,667,967	-	8,794,702	=
Capital assets being depreciated, net	79,378,965	-	74,241,656	-
Beneficial interest in remainder trusts	2 452 944	879,664	257.000	1,097,752
Net other postemployment benefits asset  Total noncurrent assets	2,452,844 <b>98,226,334</b>	24,451,644	357,888 <b>95,489,157</b>	21,831,855
rotal noncarrent assets	30,220,334	24,431,044	JJ,403,13/	21,031,033
tal assets	122,483,561	27,469,514	112,961,513	24,193,878
eferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	165,922	-	198,484	-
Deferred pension amounts	3,740,270	-	5,512,587	-
Deferred other postemployment benefits amounts	603,567		1,212,656	-
deferred outflows of resources	4,509,759		6,923,727	
ities				
urrent liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,432,141	159,370	1,895,077	147,277
Accrued compensation and other benefits	2,125,955	-	2,095,320	=
Accrued compensated absences (Note 7) Current portion of long-term liabilities	482,223 2,997,116	-	159,488 3,035,946	-
Current portion of iong-term habilities  Current portion of annuities payable	2,997,110	11,200	5,055,946	11,200
Accrued interest	166,074	-	147,026	-
Unearned revenue	3,314,183	-	3,080,226	=
al current liabilities	10,517,692	170,570	10,413,083	158,477
oncurrent liabilities				
ong-term liabilities, net of current portion	24,895,426	-	21,897,461	-
nuities payable, net of current portion	-	80,124	-	83,314
pension liability	14,133,170		20,129,913	
ent liabilities	39,028,596	80,124	42,027,374	83,314
	49,546,288	250,694	52,440,457	241,791
flows of resources				
d pension amounts	6,919,970	-	5,942,664	-
rred other postemployment benefits amounts	3,793,954	-	3,659,378	-
d remainder trusts amounts	-	879,664		1,097,752
ed inflows of resources	10,713,924	879,664	9,602,042	1,097,752
ion				
et investment in capital assets	56,320,312	-	58,301,435	-
estricted:				
Nonexpendable - endowments	34,939	12,837,602	34,667	11,794,122
xpendable - endowments, scholarships, campus improvements	1,785,064	4,070,323	1,356,494	3,927,112
pendable - capital projects et other postemployment benefits asset	1,555,700	-	1,555,700 357,888	-
ed (deficit) (Note 10)	2,452,844 4,584,249	9,431,231	(3,763,443)	7,133,101
	\$ 66,733,108	\$ 26,339,156	\$ 57,842,741	\$ 22,854,335
net position	+ -5,,200	,	,-,-,-	,55 .,555

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2025 Year Ended June 30, 2024 **Primary** Component **Primary** Component Unit Government Unit Government **Operating revenues** Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$20,154,688 in 2025 and \$15,419,338 in 2024) 9,627,462 10,440,453 Federal grants and contracts 4,332,168 4,587,927 State grants and contracts 2,387,999 5.531.357 Housing revenue 1,489,012 1,295,586 Potter Center activities 486,591 518,620 Hospitality services 404.284 420.571 Bookstore revenue 194,047 165,968 Contract training 247,836 216,880 Seminars, workshops, and other 2,669,832 3,073,280 **Total operating revenues** 24,789,163 23,300,710 Operating expenses Instruction 16,104,417 14,021,724 Information technology 4,871,308 5,040,937 Public service 192,103 173,031 2,976,262 2,876,531 Academic support Student services 8,807,383 277,850 7,749,475 434,661 713,755 622,619 Administration 10,639,581 10,044,106 Operation and maintenance of plant 6,480,611 6,265,193 Depreciation and amortization 4,170,351 4,530,928 **Total operating expenses** 54,242,016 991,605 50,701,925 1,057,280 **Operating loss** (29,452,853) (991,605) (1,057,280) (27,401,215) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 15,363,475 14,503,759 Local property taxes 6,715,716 6,312,526 Federal Pell grant revenue 15,190,184 12,166,856 Private gifts and grants 99.726 1,572,680 93,533 1,954,896 Net investment income 904,894 2,569,311 910,708 2,624,777 Gain on disposal of capital assets 722,902 Interest expense (868,504)(632,929)Other revenues 334,435 311,866 Net nonoperating revenues 37,405,491 4,476,426 34,077,355 4,891,539 Other revenues Capital gifts and grants 250,341 State capital appropriations 1,555,700 Total other revenues 1,806,041 Increase in net position before extraordinary item 7,952,638 3,484,821 8,482,181 3,834,259 Extraordinary item (Note 13) 937,729 209,594 Increase in net position 8,890,367 3,484,821 8,691,775 3,834,259 Net position beginning of year 57,842,741 22,854,335 49,150,966 19,020,076

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position, end of year

66,733,108

\$ 26,339,156

57,842,741

## **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Year Ende	d June 30,
	Primary Government 2025	Primary Government 2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Tuition and fees	\$ 9,830,634	\$ 10,211,889
Housing	1,295,586	1,489,012
Hospitality services	404,284	420,571
Grants and contracts	9,124,328	4,857,218
Contract training	250,626	197,448
Payments to vendors	(11,908,008)	(11,865,052)
Payment to or on behalf of employees	(38,863,340)	(36,194,032)
Payments to students	(3,643,635)	(2,791,677)
Potter Center activities	(681,819)	423,084
Bookstore	194,047	165,968
Seminars, workshops and other	2,669,832	3,073,280
Net change in cash from operating activities	(31,327,465)	(30,012,291)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
State appropriations	15,463,253	14,288,226
Local property taxes	6,715,716	6,312,526
Pell grant receipts	15,190,184	12,166,856
Gifts and contributions for other than capital purposes	99,726	93,533
Direct loan program receipts	5,608,191	6,035,275
Direct loan program disbursements	(5,608,191)	(6,035,275)
State scholarship and grant receipts	42,265	44,394
State scholarship and grant disbursements	(42,265)	(44,394)
Net change in cash from noncapital financing activities	37,468,879	32,861,141
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Capital gift and grant proceeds	-	250,341
State capital appropriations	-	1,555,700
Purchases and construction of capital assets	(5,171,926)	(9,118,124)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	3,319,179
Insurance proceeds	937,729	209,594
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,750,000)	(7,925,000)
Proceeds from capital debt	5,811,251	5,321,702
Interest paid on capital debt	(951,572)	(886,762)
Net change in cash from capital and related financing activities	(2,124,518)	(7,273,370)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of investments	(820,982)	(504,850)
Interest and dividends on investments	823,318	706,575
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	1,270,911	3,000,000
Net change in cash from investing activities	1,273,247	3,201,725
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,290,143	(1,222,795)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	5,020,441	6,243,236
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 10,310,584	\$ 5,020,441

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

continued...

## **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Reconciliation of operating loss to net change in		
cash from operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (29,452,853)	\$ (27,401,215)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,170,351	4,530,928
Net change in loss on refunding	32,562	32,560
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
that provided (used) cash:		
Tuition and other receivables, net	(924,615)	(381,172)
Federal and state grants receivable	(781,534)	(2,081,819)
Inventories	123,329	(33,561)
Prepaid and other assets	(11,686)	(35,087)
Accounts payable	(471,935)	(1,027,570)
Accrued compensation, compensated absences, and other benefits	353,370	(182,157)
Unearned revenue	233,957	289,470
Change in pension liability	(5,996,743)	(4,010,947)
Change in other postemployment benefits asset/liability	(2,094,956)	(1,765,558)
Change in pension deferred inflows	977,306	237,090
Change in other postemployment benefits deferred inflows	134,576	(328,735)
Change in pension deferred outflows	1,772,317	1,566,116
Change in other postemployment benefits deferred outflows	609,089	579,366
Net change in cash from operating activities	\$ (31,327,465)	\$ (30,012,291)

concluded.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. MISSION

**Jackson College** (the "College") is a Michigan Community College whose mission is to assist learners in identifying and achieving their educational goals. The College offers four associate degrees, numerous certificate programs, and other educational programs while being accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. The primary education centers for the College are its 500-acre main campus situated six miles south of Jackson, and extension centers located in Hillsdale and Adrian (Lenawee Center).

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The College is governed by an elected seven member board of trustees. The College has one affiliated organization that is evaluated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus.* This organization is described below:

Jackson College Foundation (the "Foundation") is a legally separate, tax-exempt not-for-profit organization that was formed to solicit, collect, and invest donations made for the promotion of educational activities at and to augment the facilities of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources of the College in support of its programs and facilities. As the restricted resources held by the Foundation can be used only by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College.

The College presents the Foundation as a discretely presented component unit of the College.

Separate financial statements are issued for the Foundation and are prepared in accordance with the accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. These separate financial statements may be obtained from the College's Business Office.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred and certain measurement and matching criteria are met.

The College prepares its annual financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34, as described below, and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of State and Local Governments (GASB 34 Edition). The financial statements also consider the provisions of the Michigan Department of Career Development's Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting - Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 35, the College is permitted to report as a special purpose government engaged only in business type activities ("BTA"). Business type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users in exchange for goods and services. BTA reporting requires the College to present only the basic financial statements and required supplementary information ("RSI") for an enterprise fund that includes management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows, notes to the financial statements, and other applicable RSI and related notes. Fund financial information is not required for BTA reporting.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may differ from estimated amounts. Significant estimates include the assumptions based on historical trends and industry standards used in the actuarial valuation of the MPSERS pension and OPEB plans. These amounts were independently developed by the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, and are not under the control of the College. Actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits in banks, cash on hand, money market accounts, and any certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less, except that such investments purchased with endowment assets are classified as investments.

#### Investments

Investments are carried at fair value determined using quoted market prices. The College also participates in an external investment pool with the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund ("MILAF"). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the College's shares of the MILAF Plus is carried at amortized cost. The MILAF Plus portfolio has a Standards & Poor's AAAm stable rating. All of the College's investments are classified as short- or long-term investments based on the instrument's maturity date.

The College endowment investment income spending policy is 100% of the realized earnings of each College endowment. The annual spending income allocation cannot reduce the original gift principal. There is no net appreciation on investments of donor-restricted College endowments included in net position at June 30, 2025 or 2024. According to the law of the State of Michigan, the Board of Trustees may appropriate for expenditure for the uses and purposes for which an endowment is established an allocation of the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, in the fair value of the assets of an endowment over the historic dollar value as is prudent under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time of the action or decision.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, consisting of institutional physical properties used in College operations, are recorded at cost or, if acquired by gift, at estimated acquisition cost at the date of acquisition. Building additions and improvements with a cost in excess of \$30,000 are capitalized if the life of the building is extended or square footage is added. Collections, such as works of art, are capitalized if such items are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service. Equipment with a cost in excess of \$5,000 with a useful life of more than one year is capitalized. Expenses for routine maintenance and ordinary repairs are expensed as incurred. Library books are expensed the year of purchase. Certain maintenance and replacement reserves have been established to provide for significant repair and maintenance costs to facilities.

Depreciation, which includes amortization of leasehold improvements, is provided for capital assets on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life or the term of the lease, if shorter, of the assets as follows:

Classification	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Infrastructure and land improvements	15 years
Building and leasehold improvements	10 years
Artwork	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The College reports a deferred outflow of resources for its deferred charge on bond refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This deferred outflow is amortized over the shorter of the refunded or refunding bonds. The College also reports deferred outflows of resources related to certain pension and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") related amounts. More detailed information, including the amortization of these amounts can be found in Note 8.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB related amounts. More detailed information can be found in Note 8.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Revenue Recognition and Unearned Revenue

Revenue from state appropriations are recognized in accordance with the accounting method described in the *Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting -- Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001,* which provides that state appropriations are recorded as revenue in the period for which such amounts are appropriated. Student tuition and related revenues and expenses of an academic semester are reported in the fiscal year in which the program is conducted. Property taxes are recorded as revenue when received, which approximates the amounts when levied.

Operating revenues of the College consist of tuition and fees, grants and contracts, housing, sales and services of educational activities and auxiliary enterprise revenues. Transactions related to capital and financing activities, noncapital financing activities, investing activities, State appropriations, property taxes, and Federal Pell grant revenue are components of nonoperating and other revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses. For financial reporting purposes, restricted resources are deemed to be utilized first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to satisfy an expense.

Revenues received prior to year end that are related to the next fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenues. Unearned revenue relates primarily to student tuition and fees for the spring semester, student deposits and deposits of diverted Michigan income tax withholding from employers contracting with the College under the Michigan New Jobs Training Program to be used for future employee trainings.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences represent the accumulated liability to be paid under the College's current vacation and comp time pay policies. As the compensated absences are required to be used or forfeited by December 31 each year, the liability is classified as current in the statements of net position.

The College recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. Based on the criteria listed, three types of leave qualify for liability recognition for compensated absences - vacation, comp time and sabbatical leave. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

*Vacation* - The College's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, to a maximum limit annually, which are eligible for payment at the employee's current pay rate upon separation from employment or to be used as time off in a future period.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Comp Time - The College's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused comp time to a maximum limit that can be carried over to subsequent years. All comp time lapses when employees leave the employ of the College and, employees are eligible for payment at their current hourly rate upon separation from employment.

Sabbatical Leave - In accordance with the Master Agreement with the Faculty Association, the College grants sabbatical leaves to various full-time instructors. The leaves are granted to enhance the personal and professional competence of the instructors who are required to return to the College for a period of two years. Compensation is accounted for as an expense in the fiscal year the leave is taken.

#### **Net Position**

Net position is classified into the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, unspent bond proceeds, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted nonexpendable: Net position subject to externally imposed constraints that they be maintained permanently. Nonexpendable net position includes the corpus portion (historical value) of gifts to permanent endowment funds and certain investment earnings stipulated by the donor to be reinvested permanently.

Restricted expendable: Net position whose use by the College and the Foundation is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the College and the Foundation pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time. The restricted expendable balance of the College and the Foundation consists primarily of funds restricted for student loans, scholarships, capital projects, and other purposes.

*Unrestricted:* Net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the board of trustees.

The College's net investment in capital assets consists of the following as of June 30:

	2025	2024
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 4,667,967	\$ 8,794,702
Capital assets being depreciated, net Deferred charge on refunding	79,378,965 165,922	74,241,656 198,484
Bonds payable	(27,892,542)	(24,933,407)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 56,320,312	\$ 58,301,435

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Reclassification

Certain amounts as reported in the 2024 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2025 presentation.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

For 2025, the College adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This new standard replaces the existing guidance in GASB Statement No. 16 and establishes a more uniform approach for accounting and financial reporting of compensated absences, such as vacation, sick leave, and similar benefits. Under GASB 101, the College is required to recognize a liability for leave time that is attributable to services already rendered, is accumulated, and is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. The provisions of this statement were effective for the year ended June 30, 2025 to be applied on a retrospective basis. The resulting impact of adoption was determined to be insignificant to both current and prior year financial statements. As such, the College recognized any additional liability required under the provisions of this statement during fiscal 2025.

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State of Michigan statutes authorize the College to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper of corporations located in this state rated prime by at least one of the standard rating services. The College is also authorized to invest in U.S. government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds comprised of investments as outlined above. The College's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

The College's deposits and investments are included on the statements of net position under the following classifications as of June 30:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments

\$	22,037,142	\$ 17,115,352
	11,726,558	12,094,911
\$	10,310,584	\$ 5,020,441
	2025	2024

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The above amounts are categorized as follows at June 30:

	2025	2024
Bank deposits (checking, savings, cash sweep accounts and certificates of deposit) Petty cash	\$ 10,305,971 4,613	\$ 5,016,038 4,403
Total deposits	10,310,584	5,020,441
Investment in U.S Government obligations Investments in equity securities Michigan Liquid Asset Fund	4,018,809 2,609 7,705,140	3,750,242 2,492 8,342,177
Total	\$ 22,037,142	\$ 17,115,352

The College utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to its investment securities and to determine fair value disclosures. These assets are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis.

The following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets recorded at fair value. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2025 or 2024.

*U.S. government obligations:* Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

The College's investments are all measured as a Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and 2024. The nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) utilized is primarily Moody's Investor Service. At June 30, 2025, the College's investments subject to credit risk (interest rate fluctuations) held by counterparties include Federal Home Loan Bank bonds that possess NRSRO ratings of Aa1 and matures on December 11, 2029 and April 27, 2033.

The College's shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) External Investment Pool are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

The College had the following investments in the MILAF as of June 30, 2025:

Investment	Maturity	Amortized Cost	Rating	
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund	n/a	\$ 7,705,140	S&P AAAm	

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The College had the following investments in the MILAF as of June 30, 2024:

Investment	Maturity	Amortized Cost	Rating	
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund	n/a	\$ 8,342,177	S&P AAAm	

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The College's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the College does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2025, \$8,351,052 of the College's bank deposits balance of \$13,418,494 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2024, \$1,541,497 of the College's bank deposits balance of \$6,476,142 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the College does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. However, all investments are in the name of the College, and the investments are held in trust accounts with each financial institution from which they were purchased.

#### 4. TUITION AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET

Tuition and other receivables result from various revenue sources including student tuition and fee billings, auxiliary enterprise sales and contract training revenues.

Tuition and other receivables, net, consist of the following amounts at June 30:

	2025	2024
Tuition and fees	\$ 2,509,752	\$ 2,712,924
Private grants	11,861	54,198
Reimbursements	1,797,256	631,636
Employees	9,874	 5,370
Total	4,328,743	3,404,128
Less allowances	1,000,000	 1,000,000
Tuition and other receivables, net	\$ 3,328,743	\$ 2,404,128

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following tables present in summary fashion the changes in the components of capital assets for the years ended June 30:

2025	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 764,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 764,912
Construction in progress	8,029,790	4,712,848		(8,839,583)	3,903,055
Subtotal nondepreciable					
capital assets	8,794,702	4,712,848		(8,839,583)	4,667,967
Depreciable capital assets					
Infrastructure and land					
improvements	14,206,256	_	-	979,748	15,186,004
Buildings and	,,			,	-,,
improvements	118,356,277	-	-	7,859,835	126,216,112
Leasehold improvements	2,247,106	-	-	-	2,247,106
Artwork	6,366,227	-	-	-	6,366,227
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	18,845,204	468,077			19,313,281
Subtotal depreciable					
capital assets	160,021,070	468,077	_	8,839,583	169,328,730
capital assets	100,021,070	400,077		0,033,303	103,320,730
Less accumulated depreciatio	n				
Infrastructure and land					
improvements	5,325,140	815,628	-	-	6,140,768
Buildings and					
improvements	54,170,694	2,805,559	-	-	56,976,253
Leasehold improvements	2,247,106	-	-	-	2,247,106
Artwork	6,172,102	153,328	-	-	6,325,430
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	17,864,372	395,836			18,260,208
Total accumulated					
depreciation	85,779,414	4,170,351			89,949,765
Subtotal depreciable capital					
assets, net	74,241,656	(3,702,274)	_	8,839,583	79,378,965
455Ct3, 11Ct	77,271,030	(3,702,274)	<u>-</u>	0,033,363	75,576,505
Total capital assets, net	\$ 83,036,358	\$ 1,010,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84,046,932

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

2024	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 1,228,765	\$ -	\$ (463,853)	¢ _	\$ 764,912
Construction in progress	1,861,545	7,904,017	ردره,ون -	(1,735,772)	8,029,790
construction in progress	1,001,545	7,304,017		(1,733,772)	0,023,730
Subtotal nondepreciable					
capital assets	3,090,310	7,904,017	(463,853)	(1,735,772)	8,794,702
Depreciable capital assets					
Infrastructure and land					
improvements	13,914,680	291,576	_	_	14,206,256
Buildings and	13,31 1,000	232,373			11,200,200
improvements	120,527,089	155,175	(4,061,759)	1,735,772	118,356,277
Leasehold improvements	2,247,106		-	-,,,,,,,,	2,247,106
Artwork	6,366,227	-	-	-	6,366,227
Furniture, fixtures and	-,,				-,,
equipment	18,717,765	767,356	(639,917)	-	18,845,204
• •					
Subtotal depreciable					
capital assets	161,772,867	1,214,107	(4,701,676)	1,735,772	160,021,070
Less accumulated depreciation	n				
Infrastructure and land					
improvements	4,524,394	800,746	-	-	5,325,140
Buildings and					
improvements	52,949,049	3,150,981	(1,929,336)	-	54,170,694
Leasehold improvements	2,247,106	-	-	-	2,247,106
Artwork	6,060,819	111,283	-	-	6,172,102
Furniture, fixtures and					
equipment	18,036,370	467,918	(639,916)		17,864,372
Total accumulated					
depreciation	92 917 729	4 520 028	(2 560 252)	_	95 770 <i>/</i> 11/
чергестация	83,817,738	4,530,928	(2,569,252)	<del>-</del> _	85,779,414
Subtotal depreciable capital					
assets, net	77,955,129	(3,316,821)	(2,132,424)	1,735,772	74,241,656
		(-,3,)	(=,===, := 1)	_,,	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 81,045,439	\$ 4,587,196	\$ (2,596,277)	\$ -	\$ 83,036,358

Construction in progress at June 30, 2025 consists primarily of construction costs for the utility programs site development, standby power upgrades, and other general projects. The projects are expected to be completed during fiscal year 2026 at an additional cost and commitment of approximately \$6.9 million.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for years ended June 30 was as follows:

2025	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable					
General Bonds - 2015	\$ 6,715,000	\$ -	\$ 490,000	\$ 6,225,000	\$ 515,000
General Bonds - 2016	2,190,000	-	1,080,000	1,110,000	1,110,000
General Bonds - 2020	10,595,000	-	390,000	10,205,000	395,000
General Bonds - 2024	4,965,000	-	790,000	4,175,000	875,000
General Bonds - 2025	-	5,400,000	-	5,400,000	-
Total bonds payable	24,465,000	5,400,000	2,750,000	27,115,000	2,895,000
Deferred amounts					
Bond premium	509,340	411,251	105,838	814,753	105,838
Bond discount	(40,933)		(3,722)	(37,211)	(3,722)
Total deferred amounts	468,407	411,251	102,116	777,542	102,116
	\$ 24,933,407	\$ 5,811,251	\$ 2,852,116	\$ 27,892,542	\$ 2,997,116
Less current portion				2,997,116	
Long-term liabilities, net of cu	irrent portion			\$ 24,895,426	ı

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

2024	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable					
General Bonds - 2014	\$ 6,020,000	\$ -	\$ 6,020,000	\$ -	\$ -
	. , ,	<b>&gt;</b> -			•
General Bonds - 2015	7,185,000	-	470,000	6,715,000	490,000
General Bonds - 2016	3,250,000	-	1,060,000	2,190,000	1,080,000
General Bonds - 2020	10,970,000	-	375,000	10,595,000	390,000
General Bonds - 2024		4,965,000		4,965,000	790,000
Total bonds payable	27,425,000	4,965,000	7,925,000	24,465,000	2,750,000
Deferred amounts Bond premium	442,306	356,702	289,668	509,340	289,668
Bond discount	(44,655)		(3,722)	(40,933)	(3,722)
Total deferred amounts	397,651	356,702	285,946	468,407	285,946
	\$ 27,822,651	\$ 5,321,702	\$ 8,210,946	\$ 24,933,407	\$ 3,035,946
Less current portion				3,035,946	
Long-term liabilities, net of cu	rrent portion			\$ 21,897,461	

#### **Bonded Debt**

#### \$9,990,000 General Bonds, Series 2015

Unsecured bonds mature in annual amounts ranging from \$350,000 to \$745,000 through 2035 with interest charged at rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.625% per annum.

#### \$9,255,000 General Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

The College issued \$9,255,000 in refunding bonds with an interest rate of 2.00% to 3.00% to refund \$9,465,000 of outstanding 2006 Series Bonds with an interest rate of 4.10% to 4.50%, maturing in 2026. The bonds mature at varying amounts through 2026.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### \$8,195,000 General Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

The College issued \$8,195,000 in refunding bonds with an interest rate of 2.00% to 3.00% to refund \$2,910,000 of outstanding 2007 Series Bonds with an interest rate of 4.00% to 4.15%, maturing in 2024 and \$5,385,000 of outstanding 2008 Series Bonds with an interest rate of 3.75% to 4.50%, maturing in 2029.

#### \$11,340,000 General and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020

The College issued \$9,210,000 in refunding bonds and \$2,130,000 of general bonds with an interest rate of 2.00% to 2.625% to refund \$9,725,000 of outstanding 2015 Series Housing Revenue Bonds held by Jackson College Dormitories with an interest rate of 5.00% to 6.75%, maturing in 2047. The bonds mature at varying amounts through 2046.

#### \$4,965,000 General Refunding Bonds, Series 2024

The College issued \$4,965,000 in refunding bonds with an interest rate of 5.00% to refund \$5,280,000 of outstanding 2014 Series Bonds with an interest rate of 2.00% to 4.25%, maturing in 2030. The bonds mature at varying amounts through 2029. The net proceeds of \$5,296,446 (after payment of \$78,982 in underwriting fees and other issuance cost) were used to purchase U.S. treasury securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the original bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$285,867 and a net present value savings of \$186,784. As of June 30, 2024, \$5,280,000 of the Series 2014 Bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of net position.

#### \$5,400,000 General Bonds, Series 2025

The College issued \$5,400,000 in unsecured bonds maturing in annual amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$2,315,000 through 2030 with interest charged at 5.0% per annum.

Scheduled principal and interest requirements of long-term debt for years succeeding June 30, 2025, are summarized below:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031-2035 2036-2040 2041-2045 2046-2047	\$	2,895,000 3,000,000 3,070,000 3,210,000 3,345,000 5,690,000 2,500,000 2,810,000 595,000	\$ 974,694 852,544 725,244 594,300 456,550 1,239,741 609,830 295,908 15,618	\$ 3,869,694 3,852,544 3,795,244 3,804,300 3,801,550 6,929,741 3,109,830 3,105,908 610,618
Totals	\$	27,115,000	\$ 5,764,429	\$ 32,879,429

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

During fiscal 2004, the College entered into a lease agreement with the State of Michigan as part of the Capital Outlay program offered by the State Building Authority. The State appropriated approximately \$1,500,000 toward the construction of the College's Lenawee Center. During October 2023, the lease term ended, at which time the College paid \$1 and obtained title to the Center. During fiscal 2008, the College entered into a similar lease as part of the construction of the new Atkinson Hall building and the renovation of a section of Whiting Hall. The net State contribution amounted to \$7,318,398. Again, in fiscal year 2011, the College entered into another lease with the State of Michigan in connection with the renovation of Whiting Hall and the building of the Health Laboratory Center. The net state contribution amounted to \$10,016,314. In fiscal year 2016, the College entered into another lease with the State of Michigan in connection with the renovation of Bert Walker Hall. The net state contribution amounted to \$7,446,282 once the renovation was complete in fiscal 2017. The appropriations were funded by the issuance of bonds by the State Building Authority. In return, the College has deeded the buildings to the State Building Authority as collateral for the bondholders. The College and the State of Michigan are leasing the buildings from the State Building Authority for the period that the bonds for the buildings are being repaid by the State Building Authority. These lease payments are made out of the State of Michigan general operating budget. The College includes the buildings as part of its total investment in physical plant as the College will obtain title to the buildings at the end of the leases. No corresponding obligations have been recorded since there are no payments due by the College under these lease agreements.

#### 7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Net Change		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	159,488	\$	322,735	\$	482,223	\$	482,223

Compensated absences liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Net Change		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	328,765	\$	(169,277)	\$	159,488	\$	159,488

The change in compensated absences above is a net change for the year.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### **Defined Benefit**

#### **Plan Description**

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2023 valuation will be amortized over a 15-year period beginning October 1, 2023 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2025, which excludes supplemental MPSERS UAAL employer stabilization contributions that are passed through the College to MPSERS based on rates ranging from 10.58% - 17.02% on prior year covered payroll:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	23.03% - 30.11%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	23.03% - 30.11%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	19.17% - 26.27%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	20.10% - 27.16%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.90% - 20.96%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the College were approximately \$2,187,000, \$2,431,000 and \$2,850,000 for the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2025:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	1.25% - 8.31%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	0.00% - 7.06%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were approximately \$141,000, \$492,000 and \$464,000 for the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2025:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, required and actual contributions from the College for those members with a defined contribution benefit were approximately \$137,000, \$144,000 and \$116,000, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the College reported a liability of \$14,133,170 and \$20,129,913, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2024, the College's proportion was 0.05773%, which was a decrease of 0.00446% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2023 of 0.06219%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the College recognized a pension benefit of \$597,763. At June 30, 2025, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2025	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of De		erred Inflows f Resources	(	et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	383,443	\$	153,559	\$	229,884		
Changes in assumptions	,	1,473,467	,	1,035,514	,	437,953		
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,697,208		(2,697,208)		
Changes in proportion and differences between								
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		2,394,776		(2,394,776)		
share of contributions		1,856,910		6,281,057		(4,424,147)		
College contributions subsequent to the		1,030,310		0,201,037		(1,121,117)		
measurement date		1,883,360		-		1,883,360		
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award		, ,						
subsequent to the measurement date		-		638,913		(638,913)		
Total	\$	3,740,270	\$	6,919,970	\$	(3,179,700)		

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. The amount reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to Sec 147c of the State School Aid Act (PA 94 of 1979), will be recognized as State appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (1,649,126) (555,101) (1,373,514) (846,406)
Total	\$ (4,424,147)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized pension expense of \$718,760. At June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2024	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of Deferr		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and								
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	635,440	\$	30,836	\$	604,604		
Changes in assumptions	Y	2,727,695	Υ	1,572,727	Y	1,154,968		
Net difference between projected and actual		, ,		, ,		, ,		
earnings on pension plan investments		-		411,923		(411,923)		
Changes in proportion and differences between								
employer contributions and proportionate								
share of contributions		1,302		2,742,504		(2,741,202)		
		3,364,437		4,757,990		(1,393,553)		
College contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		2,148,150		-		2,148,150		
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award								
subsequent to the measurement date		-		1,184,674		(1,184,674)		
Total	\$	5,512,587	\$	5,942,664	\$	(430,077)		

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# OPEB Assets/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the College reported an asset of \$2,452,844 and \$357,888, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2023 and 2022. The College's proportion of the net OPEB asset was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2024, the College's proportion was 0.05698%, which was a decrease of 0.00628% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2023 of 0.06326%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the College recognized an OPEB benefit of \$1,229,696. At June 30, 2025, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of	Def	erred Inflows	et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of
2025	R	lesources	0	f Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and	•			2 500 266	(2.500.266)
actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,599,266	\$ (2,599,266)
Changes in assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual		535,736		61,578	474,158
earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate		-		464,352	(464,352)
share of contributions		32,281		668,758	(636,477)
		568,017		3,793,954	(3,225,937)
College contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		35,550			35,550
Total	\$	603,567	\$	3,793,954	\$ (3,190,387)

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB (asset) liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 Thereafter	\$ (1,136,105) (690,445) (560,511) (500,088) (284,748) (54,040)
Total	\$ (3,225,937)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized an OPEB benefit of \$1,041,286. At June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2024	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	_	erred Inflows f Resources	(	et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	2,704,393	\$	(2,704,393)
Changes in assumptions	*	796,723	,	95,941	7	700,782
Net difference between projected and actual		•		ŕ		•
earnings on OPEB plan investments		1,091		-		1,091
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		44,508		859,044		(814,536)
		842,322		3,659,378		(2,817,056)
College contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		370,334		-		370,334
Total	\$	1,212,656	\$	3,659,378	\$	(2,446,722)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuations (for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024) were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Entry age, normal

Wage inflation rate 2.75%

Investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid) 6.00%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid) 6.00%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid) 6.00%
OPEB plans 6.00%

Projected salary increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Cost of living adjustments 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Healthcare cost trend rate Pre-65: 7.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15 (7.50% Year 1 graded to

3.5% Year 15 in 2022

Post-65: 6.50% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15 (6.25% Year 1 graded to

3.5% Year 15 in 2022

Mortality Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled

by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2021 from 2010.

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those

hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health

plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2024, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4612 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.2834 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2023, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4406 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.5099 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Changes in assumptions - September 30, 2023 Valuation. The method for amortizing UAAL transitioned from the level percent of payroll to the level dollar method. In addition, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.50% to 7.25% and post-65 increased from 6.25% to 6.50%.

Changes in assumptions - September 30, 2022 Valuation. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension and OPEB plans' target asset allocation as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, are summarized in the following tables:

#### Pension

2024 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.02%	1.26%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.53%	1.36%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.16%	0.92%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	2.08%	0.27%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	6.73%	0.67%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.93%	0.44%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.54%	0.65%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	1.33%	0.03%
	100.00%		5.60%
Inflation			2.30%
Risk adjustment			-1.90%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# OPEB

2024		Long-term	Expected
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>	<b>Weighted Rate</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.02%	1.26%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.53%	1.36%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.16%	0.92%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.88%	0.24%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	6.73%	0.67%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.93%	0.44%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.54%	0.65%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	1.33%	0.03%
	100.00%		5.57%
Inflation			2.30%
Risk adjustment			-1.87%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

# **Pension and OPEB**

2023 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.43%	1.36%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.99%	1.44%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.37%	0.95%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.22%	0.16%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.99%	0.60%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.49%	0.40%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.83%	0.68%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.28%	0.01%
	100.00%		5.60%
Inflation			2.70%
Risk adjustment			-2.30%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 15.47% and 15.45%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Discount Rate**

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, a discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2025:

	1	% Decrease (5.00%)	D	Current iscount Rate (6.00%)	-	1% Decrease (7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	20,719,378	\$	14,133,170	\$	8,648,884

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

	1	% Decrease (5.00%)	Di	Current iscount Rate (6.00%)	1	.% Increase (7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	27,195,454	\$	20,129,913	\$	14,247,595

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2025:

	1	% Decrease (5.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.00%)	:	1% Increase (7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	(1,895,578)	\$	(2,452,844)	\$	(2,934,660)

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

	 Decrease 5.00%)	Disc	Current count Rate (6.00%)	1	1% Increase (7.00%)
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ 371,024	\$	(357,888)	\$	(984,318)

# Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2025:

	19	% Decrease	 Current althcare Cost Trent Rate	1	% Increase
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	(2,934,665)	\$ (2,452,844)	\$	(1,936,094)

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

	1%	Decrease	Heal	Current thcare Cost ent Rate	1%	Increase
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(985,880)	\$	(357,888)	\$	321,803

#### Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

# Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2025, the College reported a payable of \$159,641 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2025. At June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$264,836 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2025, the College reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2025. At June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$19,047 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Defined Contribution**

Effective July 1, 1996, the College established the Jackson College Optional Retirement Program ("JCCORP"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under this plan, eligible employees as of July 1, 1996 and who are members of MPSERS, may continue their membership in MPSERS or may elect to participate in the plan and retain limited membership in the retirement system. An employee becoming eligible after July 1, 1996 may elect to become a member of MPSERS or to participate in JCCORP. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the College. Required contributions are made by the College and the participants at a rate of 14% and 4% of eligible compensation for Staff and Faculty, respectively, and 15% and 4% of eligible compensation for Administration, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the cost of this plan to the College was approximately \$1,780,000 and \$1,580,000 and participant contributions in the form of payroll deductions were approximately \$501,000 and \$445,000, respectively.

#### 9. RELATED PARTIES

# **Jackson College Foundation**

The College employs all Foundation staff. In addition, the College received payments from the Foundation for student scholarships and other support, including capital gifts, totaling \$248,850 and \$415,309 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### **Dahlem Environmental Center**

In August 2005, the College spun off its Dahlem Environmental Center (the "Center") operations by entering into an agreement with The Dahlem Conservancy (the "Conservancy"), an independent, nonprofit organization, and the private donor of the Center's property. Under this agreement, the College leases the Center's property to the Conservancy for a term of 30 years at an annual amount of \$1. The agreement also states that any endowment gifts received for the benefit of the Center will be restricted support of the Foundation, and the Foundation annually distribute 5% of the total endowment funds held for the benefit of the Center to the Conservancy in quarterly installments.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 10. UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

The College, through Board of Trustees action via the budget process, has designated the use of unrestricted net position (deficit) for the following purposes at June 30:

	2025	2024
Major maintenance and equipment replacement Future operations	\$ 7,938,107 14,526,294	\$ 5,387,025 13,843,859
Total designated	22,464,401	19,230,884
Pension and OPEB liability fund deficit Auxiliary Undesignated	(20,503,257) 299,390 2,323,715	(23,006,712) - 12,385
Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ 4,584,249	\$ (3,763,443)

#### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the College carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The College has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage limits in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 12. COMMITMENTS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER MATTERS

#### **Government Programs**

The College conducts certain programs pursuant to grants and contracts funded, and subject to audit, by various federal and state agencies. Amounts questioned as a result of audits, if any, may result in refunds to these governmental agencies. Any liabilities for reimbursements which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

#### **Employment Contract**

The College is obligated pursuant to the terms of the College President's employment contract to provide housing in which the President is required to reside, maintain the buildings and grounds and pay all utilities furnished for the President's residential housing, annually reimburse certain expenses connected with the Office of the President, and annually provide an agreed upon amount of deferred compensation payable upon termination of the President's tenure. The President's employment agreement is currently scheduled to expire on August 31, 2027.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 13. EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

Jackson College received \$937,729 and \$209,594 of insurance proceeds during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These proceeds were received as a result of a fire which occurred in the College's Potter Center in June 2021.

\_\_\_\_

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# MPSERS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLANS

# **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

					Ye	ear Ended June 3	0,			
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,133,170	\$ 20,129,913	\$ 24,140,860	\$ 16,875,266	\$ 27,637,401	\$ 28,816,038	\$ 27,750,921	\$ 25,076,508	\$ 25,492,530	\$ 25,348,337
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05773%	0.06219%	0.06419%	0.07128%	0.08046%	0.08701%	0.09231%	0.09677%	0.10218%	0.10378%
College's covered payroll	\$ 5,990,332	\$ 6,310,084	\$ 6,423,472	\$ 5,905,653	\$ 6,801,890	\$ 7,430,975	\$ 7,602,247	\$ 8,021,049	\$ 8,450,437	\$ 9,132,227
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	235.93%	319.01%	375.82%	285.75%	406.32%	387.78%	365.04%	312.63%	301.67%	277.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.44%	65.91%	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%

#### **Schedule of College Pension Contributions**

								Ye	ar E	nded June 30	),						
	2025		2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,070,9	05	\$ 2,431,455	\$ 2,849,590	\$	2,118,576	\$ 2	2,155,149	\$	2,238,743	\$	2,356,478	\$ 2,533,991	\$ 2	2,340,447	\$	2,252,429
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(2,070,9	905)	(2,431,455)	(2,849,590	)	(2,118,576)	(;	2,155,149)		(2,238,743)		(2,356,478)	(2,533,991)	(2	2,340,447)	_	(2,252,429)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
College's covered payroll	\$ 6,739,4	103	\$ 6,857,347	\$ 6,637,330	\$	6,187,090	\$ (	5,164,630	\$	7,224,684	\$	7,536,546	\$ 7,902,364	\$ 9	9,003,990	\$	8,950,325
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	30.	73%	35.46%	42.93%	6	34.24%		34.96%		30.99%		31.27%	32.07%		25.99%		25.17%

See notes to the required supplementary information.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (Asset) Liability

	Year Ended Jun						ıne 30,					
	2025		2024		2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (2,452,844)	\$	(357,888)	\$	1,407,670	\$	1,000,467	\$	4,119,464	\$ 6,106,138	\$ 7,097,606	\$ 8,648,302
College's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	0.05698%		0.06326%		0.06646%		0.06555%		0.07689%	0.08507%	0.08929%	0.09766%
College's covered payroll	\$ 5,990,332	\$	6,310,084	\$	6,423,472	\$	5,905,653	\$	6,801,890	\$ 7,430,975	\$ 7,602,247	\$ 8,021,049
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-40.95%		-5.67%		21.91%		16.94%		60.56%	82.17%	93.36%	107.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset) liability	143.08%		105.04%		83.09%		87.33%		59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

#### Schedule of College Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions

							Y	ear I	Ended June 3	0,				
		2025		2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	140,562	\$	492,273	\$ 463,597	\$	479,871	\$	491,560	\$	557,211	\$	560,732	\$ 559,662
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_	(140,562)		(492,273)	 (463,597)	_	(479,871)		(491,560)		(557,211)	_	(560,732)	 (559,662)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 
College's covered payroll	\$	6,739,403	\$	6,857,347	\$ 6,637,330	\$	6,187,090	\$	6,164,630	\$	7,224,684	\$	7,536,546	\$ 7,902,364
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.09%		7.18%	6.98%		7.76%		7.97%		7.71%		7.44%	7.08%

See notes to the required supplementary information.

# **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Pension Information**

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2025 The method for amortizing UAAL transitioned from the level percent of payroll to the level dollar method.
- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.

# **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **OPEB Information**

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2025 The method for amortizing UAAL transitioned from the level percent of payroll to the level dollar method. In addition, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.50% to 7.25% and post-65 increased from 6.25% to 6.50%.
- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00%.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

# Combining Statement of Net Position (Unaudited) June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Designated Fund	Restricted Funds	Pension and OPEB Liability Fund	Auxiliary Funds	Endowment Funds	Plant Funds	Combined Total
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,935,691	\$ 2,720,944	\$ (5,124,003)	\$ -	\$ 863,765	\$ 32,330	\$ 7,881,857	\$ 10,310,584
Tuition and other receivables, net	1,515,050	-	12,761	-	12,760	· -	1,788,172	3,328,743
State appropriations receivable	2,745,294	516,105	-	-	-	-	-	3,261,399
Federal and state grants receivable	9,200	-	6,969,960	-	-	-	-	6,979,160
Inventories	29,800	-	-	-	147,801	-	-	177,601
Prepaid and other assets	76,383	62,986	11,768		48,603			199,740
Total current assets	8,311,418	3,300,035	1,870,486		1,072,929	32,330	9,670,029	24,257,227
Noncurrent assets								
Investments	-	11,723,949	-	-	-	2,609	-	11,726,558
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,667,967	4,667,967
Capital assets being depreciated, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	79,378,965	79,378,965
Net OPEB asset				2,452,844				2,452,844
Total noncurrent assets		11,723,949		2,452,844		2,609	84,046,932	98,226,334
Total assets	8,311,418	15,023,984	1,870,486	2,452,844	1,072,929	34,939	93,716,961	122,483,561
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-	165,922	165,922
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	-	3,740,270	-	-		3,740,270
Deferred OPEB amounts		-		603,567				603,567
Total deferred outflows of resources				4,343,837			165,922	4,509,759
Total deferred dutitions of resources			·	4,343,637			103,522	4,303,733
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	553,679	497,690	4,900	-	365,724	-	10,148	1,432,141
Accrued compensation and benefits	2,049,622	-	16,897	-	59,436	-	-	2,125,955
Accrued compensated absences Current portion of long-term liabilities	482,223	-	-	-	-	-	2 007 116	482,223 2,997,116
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,997,116 166,074	2,997,116 166,074
Unearned revenue	2,902,179	-	63,625	-	348,379	-	100,074	3,314,183
			03,023		3.0,073			3,311,103
Total current liabilities	5,987,703	497,690	85,422	-	773,539		3,173,338	10,517,692
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,895,426	24,895,426
Net pension liability				14,133,170				14,133,170
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		14,133,170			24,895,426	39,028,596
Total liabilities	5,987,703	497,690	85,422	14,133,170	773,539		28,068,764	49,546,288
No. 11 ft and an area								
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred pension amounts			_	6,919,970				6,919,970
Deferred OPEB amounts	-	-	-	3,793,954	-	-	-	3,793,954
Defende OFES announts				3,733,334	· <del></del>			3,793,934
Total deferred inflows of resources			<u> </u>	10,713,924				10,713,924
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,320,312	56,320,312
Restricted:								
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	-	-	34,939	-	34,939
Expendable	-	-	1,785,064	-	-	-	-	1,785,064
Expendable - capital projects	-	-	-		-	-	1,555,700	1,555,700
Net other postemployment benefits asset		-	-	2,452,844	-	-	7 000 657	2,452,844
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,323,715	14,526,294		(20,503,257)	299,390		7,938,107	4,584,249
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 2,323,715	\$ 14,526,294	\$ 1,785,064	\$ (18,050,413)	\$ 299,390	\$ 34,939	\$ 65,814,119	\$ 66,733,108

# Combining Statement of Net Position (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Designated Fund	Restricted Funds	Pension and OPEB Liability Fund	Auxiliary Funds	Endowment Funds	Plant Funds	Combined Total
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 652,181	\$ 1,943,274	\$ (4,535,379)	\$ -	\$ 524,476	\$ 17,774	\$ 6,418,115	\$ 5,020,441
Tuition and other receivables, net	1,723,858	-	(10,994)	-	5,568	14,401	671,295	2,404,128
State appropriations receivable	2,816,193	544,984		-	-	-	-	3,361,177
Federal and state grants receivable	9,200	-	6,188,426	-	-	-	-	6,197,626
Inventories	29,800	- 52,507	-	-	271,130 42,818	-	341	300,930 188,054
Prepaid and other assets	92,388	32,307			42,010		341	100,034
Total current assets	5,323,620	2,540,765	1,642,053		843,992	32,175	7,089,751	17,472,356
Noncurrent assets								
Investments	-	12,092,419	-	-	-	2,492	-	12,094,911
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,794,702	8,794,702
Capital assets being depreciated, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,241,656	74,241,656
Net OPEB asset				357,888	· <del></del>			357,888
Total noncurrent assets		12,092,419		357,888		2,492	83,036,358	95,489,157
Total assets	5,323,620	14,633,184	1,642,053	357,888	843,992	34,667	90,126,109	112,961,513
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred charge on refunding	_	-	-	-	_	_	198,484	198,484
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	-	5,512,587	-	-		5,512,587
Deferred OPEB amounts				1,212,656				1,212,656
Total deferred outflows of resources				6,725,243			198,484	6,923,727
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	568,528	789,325	-	-	537,224	_	_	1,895,077
Accrued compensation and benefits	2,023,920		7,837	-	63,563	-	-	2,095,320
Accrued compensated absences	159,488	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,488
Current portion of long-term liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,035,946	3,035,946
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,026	147,026
Unearned revenue	2,559,299		277,722		243,205			3,080,226
Total current liabilities	5,311,235	789,325	285,559		843,992		3,182,972	10,413,083
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,897,461	21,897,461
Net pension liability			-	20,129,913				20,129,913
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	-	_	20,129,913	_	_	21,897,461	42,027,374
Total liabilities	5,311,235	789,325	285,559	20,129,913	843,992		25,080,433	52,440,457
I Otal Habilities	3,311,233	785,323	283,333	20,129,913	643,332		25,080,433	32,440,437
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	-	5,942,664	-	-	-	5,942,664
Deferred OPEB amounts				3,659,378				3,659,378
Total deferred inflows of resources				9,602,042				9,602,042
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	58,301,435	58,301,435
Restricted:							,, 133	,, .33
Nonexpendable	-	-	-	-	-	34,667	-	34,667
Expendable	-	-	1,356,494	-	-	-	-	1,356,494
Expendable - capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,555,700	1,555,700
Net other postemployment benefits asset	-	-	-	357,888	-	-		357,888
Unrestricted (deficit)	12,385	13,843,859		(23,006,712)			5,387,025	(3,763,443)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 12,385	\$ 13,843,859	\$ 1,356,494	\$ (22,648,824)	\$ -	\$ 34,667	\$ 65,244,160	\$ 57,842,741

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers and Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Pension and General Designated Restricted **OPEB Liability** Auxiliary Endowment Plant Elimination Combined Fund Fund Funds Funds Funds Entries Total Fund Operating revenues Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$20,154,688) \$ 29,782,150 \$ (20,154,688) \$ - \$ \$ 9,627,462 Federal grants and contracts 9.200 4.322.968 4.332.168 State grants and contracts 20,000 5,511,357 5,531,357 Housing revenue 1,295,586 1,295,586 Potter Center activities 486,591 486,591 404,284 Hospitality services 404,284 Bookstore activities 3,026,142 (2,832,095) 194,047 Contract training 247,836 247,836 Seminars, workshops, and other 480,673 196,914 691,083 1,247,083 54,079 2,669,832 Current funds expenditures for capital equipment and improvements 5,180,926 (5,180,926) **Total operating revenues** 30,539,859 196,914 10,525,408 6,459,686 5,235,005 (28,167,709) 24,789,163 Operating expenses Instruction 16,022,907 2,114,748 (2,033,238) 16,104,417 Information technology 5,041,653 (170,345) 4,871,308 Public service 432,701 (240,598)192,103 Academic support 2,414,635 706,460 (144,833) 2,976,262 Student services 7.318.057 201.425 22.464.792 (1.230.111) 3.040.003 (22,986,783) 8.807.383 Administration 8,309,135 1,022 (740,621) 3,070,045 10,639,581 Operation and maintenance of plant 7,081,732 (677,578)5,257,383 (5,180,926) 6,480,611 Depreciation and amortization 4,170,351 4,170,351 **Total operating expenses** 46,620,820 201,425 25,287,022 (5,237,324) 6,110,048 9,427,734 (28,167,709) 54,242,016 Operating (loss) income (16,080,961) (4,511)(14,761,614) 5,237,324 349,638 (4,192,729) (29,452,853) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 16,002,388 (638,913) 15,363,475 Local property taxes 6,715,716 6,715,716 Federal Pell grant revenue 15,190,184 15,190,184 Private gifts and grants 33,789 65,937 99,726 Net investment income 273,091 631,531 272 904,894 Interest expense (868,504) (868,504) Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) 23,024,984 697,468 15,190,184 (638,913) 272 (868,504) 37,405,491 Increase (decrease) in net position 6,944,023 692,957 428,570 4,598,411 349,638 272 (5,061,233) 7,952,638 Transfers in (out) (4,632,693) (10,522)(50,248)4,693,463 Net increase (decrease) in net position before extraordinary item 2,311,330 682,435 428,570 4,598,411 299,390 272 (367,770) 7,952,638 Extraordinary item 937,729 937,729 2,311,330 272 Net increase in net position 682,435 428,570 4,598,411 299,390 569,959 8,890,367 Net position (deficit), beginning of year 12,385 13,843,859 1,356,494 (22,648,824) 34,667 65,244,160 57,842,741 Net position (deficit), end of year 2,323,715 14,526,294 1,785,064 (18,050,413) 299,390 34,939 65,814,119 66,733,108

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers and Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Designated Fund	Restricted Funds	Pension and OPEB Liability Fund	Auxiliary Funds	Endowment Funds	Plant Funds	Elimination Entries	Combined Total
	Tunu	Tullu	Tulius	Tullu	Tulius	Tullus	Tullus	Littles	iotai
Operating revenues	4 25 252 704	•	•					4 (45 440 220)	4 40 440 450
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$15,419,338)	\$ 25,859,791	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (15,419,338)	
Federal grants and contracts	9,200	-	4,578,727	-	-	-	-	-	4,587,927
State grants and contracts	-	-	2,387,999	-	1 490 013	-	-	-	2,387,999
Housing revenue	-	-	-	-	1,489,012	-	-	-	1,489,012
Potter Center activities	-	-	-	-	518,620	-	-	-	518,620
Hospitality services	-	-	-	-	420,571	-	-	(2.005.042)	420,571
Bookstore activities	-	-	-	-	3,261,011	-	-	(3,095,043)	165,968
Contract training	216,880			-		-		-	216,880
Seminars, workshops, and other	410,408	379,858	862,004	-	1,389,270	-	31,740	-	3,073,280
Current funds expenditures for capital equipment and improvements				-			8,654,272	(8,654,272)	
Total operating revenues	26,496,279	379,858	7,828,730	. <u> </u>	7,078,484		8,686,012	(27,168,653)	23,300,710
Operating expenses									
Instruction	15,518,833	-	610,592	(2,107,701)	-	-	-	-	14,021,724
Information technology	5,288,192	-	-	(247,255)	-	-	-	-	5,040,937
Public service	334,353	-	-	(161,322)	-	-	-	-	173,031
Academic support	2,392,881	-	631,837	(148,187)	-	-	-	-	2,876,531
Student services	6,804,470	232,061	17,874,807	(1,023,723)	2,376,241	-	-	(18,514,381)	7,749,475
Administration	7,673,398	-	22,404	(630,435)	2,978,708	-	31	-	10,044,106
Operation and maintenance of plant	6,393,627	-	215	(588,719)	-	-	9,114,342	(8,654,272)	6,265,193
Depreciation and amortization				. <u> </u>			4,530,928		4,530,928
Total operating expenses	44,405,754	232,061	19,139,855	(4,907,342)	5,354,949		13,645,301	(27,168,653)	50,701,925
Operating (loss) income	(17,909,475)	147,797	(11,311,125)	4,907,342	1,723,535		(4,959,289)		(27,401,215)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)									
State appropriations	15,688,433	_	_	(1,184,674)	_	_	_	_	14,503,759
Local property taxes	6,312,526	_	_	(=,== :,=: -,	_	_	_	_	6,312,526
Federal Pell grant revenue	0,512,520	_	12,166,856	_	_	_	_	_	12,166,856
Private gifts and grants	39,603	53,930	-	_	_	_	_	_	93,533
Net investment income	201,512	708,976				220			910,708
Gain on disposal of capital assets	201,312	700,570		_		220	722,902	_	722,902
Interest expense							(632,929)		(632,929)
		752.005	40.455.055	(4.404.674)					
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	22,242,074	762,906	12,166,856	(1,184,674)		220	89,973		34,077,355
Other revenues Capital gifts and grants						_	250,341		250,341
State capital appropriations	-	-	-	-		-	1,555,700	-	1,555,700
Total other revenues		_					1,806,041		1,806,041
	4 222 500	040 703	055 724	2 722 660	4 722 525	220			
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,332,599	910,703	855,731	3,722,668	1,723,535	220	(3,063,275)	-	8,482,181
Transfers in (out)	(4,329,071)		-	· <del>-</del>	(612,547)		4,941,618		
Net increase in net position before extraordinary item	3,528	910,703	855,731	3,722,668	1,110,988	220	1,878,343	-	8,482,181
Extraordinary item							209,594		209,594
Net increase in net position	3,528	910,703	855,731	3,722,668	1,110,988	220	2,087,937	-	8,691,775
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	8,857	12,933,156	500,763	(26,371,492)	(1,110,988)	34,447	63,156,223		49,150,966
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 12,385	\$ 13,843,859	\$ 1,356,494	\$ (22,648,824)	\$ -	\$ 34,667	\$ 65,244,160	\$ -	\$ 57,842,741